A collection of Crotalarias (Nos. 64058 to 64065) and one of Crotalarias and Sesbans (Nos. 64066 to 64070), the former from South Africa and the latter from Egypt, will be tested in the Southern States as cover plants and as forage.

Through the courtesy of Em. Miége, Chief of the Service de l'Expérimentation Agricole of Morocco, seeds have been obtained of a noteworthy cotton variety (Gossypium spp., Nos. 64002 and 64003). This variety is called "Sarsar," from the name of the tribe which has grown it from time immemorial in the interior of Morocco. Because of its unusual precocity, resistance to drought, and length and strength of fiber, comparable to that of the Yuma variety, it should be of interest to cotton breeders in this country.

Bureau specialists testing rubber-producing plants will be interested in the several introductions of Landolphias from tropical Africa, Funtumia elastica (No. 63786) from the Gold Coast Colony, Africa, and Ceara rubber (Manihot glaziovii, No. 63798), one of the important Brazilian rubber-producing plants.

The botanical determinations of these introductions have been made and the nomenclature determined by H. C. Skeels, and the descriptive matter has been prepared under the direction of Paul Russell, who has had general supervision of this inventory.

ROLAND MCKEE,

Acting Senior Agricultural Explorer in Charge.

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